NEWPORT MERCURY.

Published by ROUSMANIERE & BARBER, opposite the Brick-Market.

[Price $2 per Annum.—$1 in Advance.] SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1816. [Vol. LV.—No. [illegible]]

CHEAP CALICOES.

EDWARD W. LAWTON, Will Open This Day,

ONE TRUNK of Painted CALLICOES, (of this style and quality selling elsewhere from 1s 6d to 2s.) at the very low price of 20 Cents per Yard, for CASH ONLY.

Newport, Feb. 17.

Medical Censors' Meeting.

A MEETING of the Censors of the Rhode-Island Medical Society for the Southern District, will be holden in the Senate Chamber of the State-House in Newport, on Wednesday, the 6th day of March, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the examination of Candidates for the practice of Physic and Surgery.

Per order of PARDON BOWEN, President.
JOHN MACKIE, Recording Sec'ry.

Providence, Feb. 20.

REMOVAL.

WILLIAM S. NICHOLS, Informs his Town and Country Customers,

THAT he has Removed from the stand he recently occupied, to No. 134, Thames-street, in the building just north of Mr. CHANNING's House, where he will continue to manufacture and keep constantly for Sale, Gold and Silver WARES of the best quality.

Newport, Feb. 2. 6w

WILLIAM CROOKE,

Has just received and offers for Sale at his Store, No. 72, Thames-street.

HOGSHEADS of St. Croix RUM; Lisbon, Vidonia, Colmenar and Port WINES, by the Quarter-cask; Holland Gin by the Pipe or barrel;—with sundry other articles.

Newport, Sept. 29.

HEMP, IRON, & DUCK.

RUSSIA Clean HEMP; Old Sable Iron; Russia and Ravens Duck, of the first quality; Russia Sheetings—for Sale on a long credit, or for Treasury Notes, by

WILLIAM D'WOLFE.

Bristol, Jan. 12.

FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

THE Lot of Land, with the buildings thereon, situate in Newport, at the corner of Washington-square and Thames-street, lately in the possession of SAMUEL VAUGHN, will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, on the 11th day of March next, at XI o'clock A. M. by the Subscriber, administrator of the estate of JOHN SLOCUM, late of Portsmouth, deceased, who is seized and possessed thereof, by mortgage Deed from said Vaughn to the said John Slocum in his life time.—The mortgaged estate will be sold for payment of the debts, and charges of administration of the estate of the said John Slocum, as certified by the Court of Probate for the town of Portsmouth, according to law.—The conditions will be made known at the time and place of sale.

OLIVER SLOCUM, Adm'r.

Newport, Feb. 8, 1816.

TO LET at Public AUCTION

On SATURDAY, March 9, 1816. at [illegible] o'clock A M (if fair, if not the first fair day after) on the premises, for the term of One Year

THE Real Estate of the Hon. JOSEPH CUNDALL, late of Portsmouth, deceased, viz:—

The COOK Farm, (so called) containing 100 Acres of excellent Land—and the PERRY Farm (so called) containing 23 Acres.—Both Farms are of excellent soil for grazing or tillage land. A Dwelling-House convenient for one or two small families, and contiguous to either of the above Farms.

A L S O,

The Grist-mill, Clothier's works, carding and spinning machines; and all the apparatus necessary for manufacturing woolen cloth.

SAMUEL CLARKE, } Adm'rs.
[illegible] MANCHESTER, }

Portsmouth, Feb. 12, 1816.

TO LET,

THE Shop and House, No. 107 Thames-street, now occupied by J. G. Chadsey—Possession given 1st of April next.—Apply to

SAMUEL F. GARDNER.

Newport, Feb. 24. 2w

J. G. & S. WHITEHORNE

Have just received from England,

A LARGE Assortment of SHIP-CHANDLERY, &c. among which are:—

Brass and Wood COMPASSES
Telescopes (Day and Night)
Solid and common Time Glasses
Double and single Observation Quadrants
Variety of Charts
White Lead, Venetian Red, Spanish Brown, ground in Oil
Yellow Oker, black Paint, &c. &c.

Also for Sale,

A few Puncheons West-India RUM
Molasses by the Hogshead.

Newport, Dec 15.

BRITISH DRY GOODS.

WILLIAM CALLAHAN, Has just imported from England

THE following GOODS, which he bought from the Manufacturers, and now offers for sale, very low for Cash, viz:—DIMITIES, of different qualities; Black Lace SHAWLS, of different sizes and patterns; Imitation do. do. do.; Ladies and Gentlemen's white Cotton Hose, plain and ribbed; do. do. color'd Worsted do.; UMBRELLAS, some of which are very handsome, with plaited mountings; Printed CALICOES, of various patterns.

Newport, Jan. 26.

NEW GOODS,

ARE THIS DAY RECEIVED, BY HARVEY SESSIONS.

Newport, Oct. 19.

New and Cheap Goods.

JAMES MUMFORD, No. 88, Thames-Street,

HAS just received a large supply of IMITATION SHAWLS, which are very low.—Also, A few pieces tarton plaid undres'd Calicoes; silver mounted Cotton Umbrellas.—Likewise, Navy blue, black, brown and mix'd BROADCLOTHS—all of which will be sold very low for Cash.

Newport, Jan. 20.

FRESH FLOUR.

ONE Hundred Barrels fresh Superfine Alexandria FLOUR, for Sale by

RHODES & CAHOONE.

Newport, Feb. 16.

CHRISTOPHER FOWLER

Has for Sale,

SWEDES' IRON assorted; Lisbon Salt; fresh Souchong Tea; Irish Linens, and Alexandria Flour.

Newport, Nov. 17.

RAISINS & GIN.

300 Boxes fresh Bloom RAISINS
10 Pipes Butler's GIN, of a superior quality.

For Sale, by RHODES & CAHOONE.

Newport, Dec. 15.

ROBERT ROBINSON,

Has for Sale,

TEN or 12 Tons first quality St. Petersburgh clean HEMP, and Ten Tons Swedish square IRON, 3-4, 7-8 and 1 inch square.

Newport, August 18.

NOTICE.

THE Managers List of Prizes in the Plymouth Beach Lottery, 6th Class, is received, and may be examined GRATIS, at

Josiah C. Shaw's Office, No. 118, Thames-street.

A L S O,

The Managers List of Prizes in the Washington Bridge Lottery, No. 6, First Class.—☞ Those Persons who have Prizes entitled to Tickets in the 2d class, are requested to call and exchange them.

Orders for Tickets and Shares, in all the principal Lotteries in the United States, faithfully attended to as above.

Newport, February 10. tf

FOR SALE,

A DWELLING-HOUSE and Lot of Land, with a stable thereon, situated on Leven and William-streets, on the Hill.—It will be sold together, or in house lots, as may best suit the purchasers.—Apply to

HENRY BURDICK.

Newport, Oct. 3.

NEW GOODS.

TWELVE PACKAGES, Are This Day Opened, at E. W. LAWTON's,

WHICH with those on hand, comprises a very complete Assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, adapted to all seasons of the Year, which will be disposed of uncommonly cheap—his customers are respectfully invited to call and judge for themselves.

Among them are:—

One Bale fine Bombazets, fashionable colors, twilled and plain

A large Assortment of Ribbons, very low.

Lustrings and Levantines

Ladies extra long—long and habit kid, beaver, castor, silk and fleecy Gloves

Gentlemen's buck-skin, beaver, fleecy and common Gloves.

Superfine, fine and common, black, blue, brown, bottle, mix'd and drab Cloths, among them some suitable for Surtouts, very cheap.

Do. Pelise Cloths, Cassimeres and Sattinetts

Flannels and Baizes, from 1s 6d to 7s 6d per yard.

Rose and point Blankets.

Ginghams and Calicoes.

Coleraine and common Shirtings

India Cottons from 9d to 3s 9d per yard.

Irish Linens—Linen Cambricks

Elegant 6-4 and 8-4 silk and cotton Shawls.

Lambs wool, worsted and cotton Hosiery

Lambs wool and worsted draws

Shell, horn and ivory Combs, a large assortment.

6-4 color'd twill'd Cambricks—3-4 plain do.

Vestings—Dimities

Linen Cambricks

Fancy Muslins and Lawns

Book Muslin and book muslin Handkerchiefs

Bandano, flag and black silk Handkerchiefs.

Oil Cloths, &c. &c.

With a great variety of other articles, too numerous to particularise—which will be sold Wholesale or Retail, as low as can be purchased elsewhere.

A L S O,

A variety of GROCERIES, including Teas, Coffee, Sugars, Spices, &c. &c.—A few half bbls. Richmond mills Superfine FLOUR, very nice for family use.

☞ Will be opened in a few days, an Assortment of CROCKERY

Newport, Feb. 9 6w

SCHEME

Of the 4th Class of the Union Canal Lottery.

At $4 per Ticket.

1	Prize of	$10,000
1	do	5,000
1	do	2,000
8	do	1,000
10	do	500
15	do	200
20	do	50
150	do	10

8,300 do. of Tickets in 5th Class 5

☞ READ ON. ☜

An attentive perusal of the above SCHEME, cannot fail to exhibit its superior advantages to all those disposed to take the chance of sharing $10,000 for the small sum of Four Dollars.

The above Class will commence drawing in Boston in April next.

Although the Subscriber is opposed to the practice of "Puffing," yet he thinks it his duty to inform the Public, that in his opinion he has fully established the Fact—that his OFFICE has been the most Fortunate of any in New-England, taking into view the number of Tickets sold—for within Five Years last, he has furnished his Customers with FOURTEEN TICKETS in particular, which have drawn the enormous Sum of

Fifty-Two Thousand Dollars,

And many hearts have been made glad.

The Prizes 100's, 50's, &c. &c. which have been so common in his Office, he takes not into this calculation.

Tickets in the above Lottery—in the Washington Bridge, a most excellent Scheme—and in the Baptist Stone Chapel Lottery, may be obtained for CASH, at

JOSIAH C. SHAW's,
Truly Fortunate Lottery & Exchange Office, No. 118, Thames-street.

Newport, Feb. 16. tf

LIST OF LETTERS,

Remaining in the Post-Office, Newport, R. I. Feb. 10, 1816.

☞ Those who may apply, will please to say advertised, or not.

ANDERSON [illegible]
Armstrong James
Authony R. H.
Austin Capt. Juan
Billings Mary
Bodfin Samuel
Bowers Jonathan
Borden Stephen
Browell Sylvester
Bowen Stephen
Channing W.
Champlin G. 4 let.
Callaghan Charles
Cornell Walter
Crary Frederick
Caswell Capt. John
Crafton William
Cornell Lydia
Dodge Sarah
Dring Lydia
Dennis Peter
Dyer Susan
Durfee Benjamin
Demeres John L.
Dring Easter
Downing Benjamin
Easton Margaret
Greenfield G. W. 2
Gibbs & Channing
Gould Martha
Green Pardon C. 2
Green Phebe Ann
Green Fleet S.
Gibbs Elisha
House Alice
Hazard George S. 2
Hyde Asa
Hull John
Howard Polly
Hazard Jeptha
Jordan George
Jackways Nathan
Latin Benjamin
Landers Abigail
Lee Samuel
Lewis Mary
Mac'Donald Wm.
Murphy Francis
Marvin Elihu 2 let.
Marble Jonathan
Munn Joseph
Martin G. W. 2 let.
Mason Benjamin
[illegible] William
[illegible] John
[illegible] Richard G.
Perkins James
Peterson Mary
Peterson Sarah
Parton Renews
Pedder Capt.
Pew Abigail
Peckham Rowland
Revera Mrs.
Read Eleanor [illegible]
Richardson Jacob 2
Robinson William
Richmond P. O.
Robinson Eli
Reynolds Wm. & C
Sorrey de Edward
Shearman Richard
Stillwell Charlotte
Stanley Elias W.
Taylor Horatio G.
Thomas Madame A.
Thurston Samuel
Thurston Sally 2 let.
Taylor Nicholas
Thurston Abraham
Tillinghast Nicholas
Vernon Wm H. 2
White Nicholas 2
Wingate Capt. J.
Wilcox John
Wilkie Samuel
Wescott Capt S.
Wing Philo
Wilcox Abbey

Portsmouth R. I.

Coggeshall Cynthia
Colt Richard M.

Middletown.

Baker Jonas W.
Barker Elisha
Clarke George
Gould James
Lake Benjamin
Peckham Catherine
Peabody Eunice

Jamestown.

Cottrell Smith
Hazard Arnold
Hull Edward
Watson John H.

New-Shoreham.

Sands Ray T. 2 let.

ARMY LETTERS.

Bell Col. R.
Davis Charles 3 let.
Gantt Edward T.
Johnson William
Hines Rufus
Mc'Dowell Capt. A.
Parcells John
Peyton Capt. John S.
Rockwell Jeremiah
White Joseph

NAVY LETTERS.

Allen George W.
Buchannan Franklin
Hunt John M.
Heath John 5 let.
Forrest D. D.
Fitzgerald Edward 4
Gillman Henry
Gesinger Daniel
Hierlay John
Handy C O.
Kelly Richard
Lecompt Samuel
Law Enoch
Macpherson Jos. S.
Mc'Kean Wm. W.
Miller Levi
Marshall Thomas
Mills James I 3
Overton P. H.
O'Donnel James
Palmer John W.
Parker Benjamin
Stevens Richard
Summers Robert M.
Slidell Alexander 3
Trimble John
Taylor D.
Webster Nelson
Wermin Thomas
Wharton John
Wiesenthal T. S.
White John

NOTICE.

J. M. WEAVER & Co.

CONTEMPLATING a new arrangement of Business, request those indebted to them by Note or Book Account, to call and settle the same immediately.

Newport, Jan. 12.

No. 9,607,

The Highest Prize,

$5,000!

Came out of the Wheels of the Union Canal Lottery, Third Class, on Monday last, And was Sold in Quarters at the Truly Fortunate Lottery & Exchange Office of

JOSIAH C. SHAW,
No. 118, Thames-Street.
Newport, Feb. 16.

FOR SALE,

A FARM situated in North-Kingstown, about 1 1-2 miles from Wickford, containing 140 Acres.—Said Farm is well wooded and watered, and has on it two dwelling-houses, a new barn, corn house, a good orchard, and also a right to one-half of a grist mill, on a good stream of water.—For further particulars and terms, apply to

SYLVESTER PEARSE.

Wickford, Jan. 3, 1816.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[illegible]

ON motion of [illegible] presented [illegible] resolution [illegible] relative to the [illegible] Congress, [illegible] the late Gen. GEORGE WASHINGTON.

Mr. Huger made a few remarks in support of the resolution, and called the attention of the house to the correspondence which took place long since between Congress and Mrs. Washington; and the pledge then given to the nation on this interesting subject.

The resolution was modified and agreed to by the house as follows, and a committee of seven appointed on the part of the house:

Resolved, That a committee be appointed, to join such committee as may be appointed by the Senate, to examine into the proceedings of a former Congress on the lamented death of the late George Washington, and to take into consideration what further measures it may be expedient to adopt at the present time in relation to that solemn and interesting subject.

After some remarks by Mr. Pitkin, explanatory of his views, he offered the following resolution, which was agreed to:—

Resolved, That the President of the U. States be requested to cause to be laid before this house, information relative to the duties payable on articles exported from the U. S. into the British provinces of Canada, Nova-Scotia, and New-Brunswick, and the duties on articles exported to the U. States from the said provinces; also relative to duties laid on goods, wares and merchandise, imported into the West-India Islands, or any of them, from the U. States, or from Colonies in America, owned by other foreign European powers; and information likewise, as to the duties on imports and exports, to which vessels of the U. States are subject in the ports of the British East-Indies.

The House then resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Condit in the chair, on the bill for the relief of the Canadian volunteers.—Mr. Webster's motion to strike out the first section (to reject the bill) still under consideration.

The debate on this question was resumed and continued with unabated warmth, until near sun-set.

The question to strike out the first section was at length put, about five o'clock, and decided in the negative—only 25 rising in favour of the motion.

The committee then rose, reported progress; and,

The House adjourned.

Monday, Feb. 19.

Mr. Pleasants, from the committee on naval affairs, reported a bill for the relief of those citizens who were wounded in the prison of Dartmoor, in England.

Mr. Forsyth, from the managers appointed to confer with the managers on the part of the Senate, on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses respecting the bill for carrying into effect the convention of commerce with Great-Britain, made a detailed report on that subject, embracing the views advanced by either party, the points of compromise attempted; and the agreement of the conferees thereon. The report was laid on the table, and ordered to be printed.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, in pursuance of a resolution of this House of the 4th inst. respecting the duties paid on the tonnage of British vessels entering the ports of the United States with cargoes from the British West-Indies; which was read and ordered to lie on the table.

On motion of Mr. Webster,

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to enquire into the state of the incorporated Banks within the District of Columbia, as far as is consistent with the privileges of their respective charters; and also to enquire into the number of unincorporated Banks within said district, and the rules and principles of their associations, and to ascertain as near as may be the amount of bills by them issued, their ability to redeem the same; and to make report by bill or otherwise.

The House then went into committee of the whole, Mr. Condit in the chair, on the orders of the day—the bill to relieve certain Canadian volunteers in the late war, being under consideration.

Mr. Johnson of Ky. moved to amend the bill, so as to include in its provisions those refugees only who had been citizens of the United States previously to the late war; which motion was carried without a division.

Mr. Robertson then moved a new

[illegible]

[illegible] proposed, by way of amendment [illegible] of which was to allow to the refugees in question a bounty in land, in proportion to the rank they held in our service, instead of graduating the bounty by the amount of their losses in Canada.

A debate ensued on this proposition, which, by branching a good deal into the merits of the war and the deserts of the refugees, occupied nearly the remainder of the day. The advocates of the amendment were, Messrs. Barbour, Hulbert, Tucker and Cady; and its opponents, Messrs. Johnson, Alexander, Yates and Clay.

The question was finally taken on the proposed amendment, and carried—Ayes 77, Noes 49.

Mr. Forsyth moved to amend the bill by expunging the discrimination, and extending its benefits to all the inhabitants of Canada who came over and took up arms for the U. States.

This motion was opposed by Mr. Grosvenor, and supported by Mr. Forsyth, and disagreed to—Ayes 49, Noes 79.

The committee then proceeded to fill up the blanks in the bill, (to apportion the bounty;) after which the committee rose, reported to the House,

And the House adjourned.

Wednesday, February 21.

As usual many petitions were presented and referred.

Mr. Smith of Md. submitted the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the committee of Ways and Means be instructed to enquire whether any, and if any, what alterations are necessary to be made in the laws imposing duties on the tonnage of foreign vessels, entering the ports of the United States.

After some remarks from Mr. Smith, illustrative of his views, and the necessity of the resolution, it was adopted without opposition.

A resolution was agreed to, to admit within the Hall, the Governor of any State in the Union.

On motion of Mr. Forsyth, the House then proceeded to take up the report of the Managers on the part of this House, on the subject of the disagreeing votes of the two Houses, on the bill to carry into effect the Convention of Commerce with Great-Britain.—This Report is too long to be inserted here; embracing the whole ground taken by the conferees of this House, and those of the Senate.—The form given to the bill by this House was substantially agreed to by the conferees, except the declaratory words in the enacting clause, which were insisted on by the conferees of the Senate, admitted by those of this House, and their acceptation recommended.

Mr. King of Mass. expressed his disapprobation of the report, which, if agreed to, he thought, would go to bind this House and the nation in all cases hereafter. For one he was not disposed to yield this principle; and he enumerated some of the cases, in which legislation would be indispensable. He expressed his dislike of the manner of proceeding on the part of the Senate, who, ten days after a bill on the subject had been under discussion here, thrust their bill on this House.—The report he thought would tend to strengthen the ground taken by the Senate, as the concession of the declaratory form would be giving up the point entirely, &c.

Mr. Forsyth recapitulated the reasons which induced the committee to recommend the proposition to the House. He had viewed the declaratory words as mere surplusage, and not at all changing the character nor impairing the force of the act.

Mr. Calhoun moved, that the report be laid on the table. His impression was that the report was entirely negative, and recommended nothing decisive on the subject. At any rate, the House was just put in possession of the printed report, and being of a dubious character, some further time was necessary to a due consideration of the subject.

Mr. Yancey supported the motion.—He thought the report did yield the ground taken by this house; and, in his opinion, the House ought to stick or go through. He hoped, therefore, more time for reflection would be allowed.

Mr. Tucker was willing the report should lie for the present on the table. He was confident, however, the House would find that nothing had been yielded by the committee, but, on the contrary, that the substantial rights of this House had been maintained.

The report was then laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Mills, the House considered and adopted a resolution submitted by him some days ago, calling on the Secretary of War for a full statement of all the claims which have been made for militia services by the respective states, those paid, those re-

[illegible]

Mr. Alexander asked why he should give a reluctant vote against a bill whose object he so heartily approved; but his objections were insuperable to the shape it had now assumed.

Mr. Gaston made a few remarks on the impropriety of opposing a measure because it did not exactly coincide with all our views; after which, the question was taken on passing the bill, which passed 88 to 54.

The House proceeded to the order of the day, being the report of the committee of the whole house on the bill making further provision for military services during the late war—the question on concurring with the Senate in striking out the third section of the bill (which provided a bounty in land for the disbanded officers of the late army) being still under consideration.

The question was taken without further debate, and decided in the affirmative, 77 to 59.

So the House concurred with the committee of the whole in striking out the 3d section; and successively adopted the remainder of the amendments reported by the committee.

Various motions were subsequently made to amend the bill; the most important of which was, by Mr. Wilde, to add a section, authorising a bounty in land, according to rank, to such disbanded officers as had served *one year*, and who had been wounded, brevetted, or distinguished by any approving vote of Congress, &c.

The words *one year* were afterwards stricken out, and motions successively made to fill the blank with 10, 5, 4, 3, 2 years, 18 and 6 months, but all in vain.—Mr. W. then withdrew his amendment, with the view as he said, of bringing the subject before the House in a form unconnected with the present bill.

The House had not got through the bill, when about 4 o'clock a motion was made and carried to adjourn; and the house adjourned.

IN SENATE.

Monday, February 19.

The President of the Senate laid before that body a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting a statement of the actual condition of all the incorporated Banks within the District of Columbia.

The bill to establish a Law Library at the seat of government for the use of the Supreme Court of the United States, was read a second time.

The resolution from the House to appoint a committee to inquire into the expediency of carrying into execution the resolves adopted by Congress on the death of the late Gen. George Washington, was read three times and agreed to—Messrs. King, Varnum and Barbour were appointed a committee on the part of the Senate.

Tuesday, Feb. 20.

Mr Hunter, agreeably to notice, introduced a bill providing for the publication of the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States; and the bill was read.

The resolutions from the House of Representatives expressive of the sense of Congress on the achievements of Capt. Stewart, Capt. Biddle, and the officers and crews of the Constitution and Hornet, were read a third time and passed

The bill to repeal the duties on certain articles manufactured within the United States, was read a third time and returned to the House of Representatives.

THE MEMORY OF WASHINGTON.

The following were the observations with which Mr. Huger prefaced his motion, respecting the pledge of a former Congress on the death of General Washington.

Mr. HUGER said, that what he deemed a solemn duty obliged him to claim the indulgence of the house for a few moments. He had been detained by severe indisposition from attending his duties in that body since Saturday last, and though better, he should not have ventured out to day, but for a piece of information which had accidentally reached him that morning. In glancing his eyes over the papers just brought him, he was struck by certain resolutions published in the Richmond Enquirer, from which it appeared that the legislature of Virginia had, by an unanimous vote, authorised the governor of the state to apply to the honorable Bushrod Washington, to permit the remains of her beloved son, the late Gen. George Washington, to be removed and interred near the capital of Virginia. His heart sunk within him, he confessed, on reading those resolutions, and recalling to mind the scenes he had once witnessed, and in which he had once acted a part on the floor of that Congress, which represented the American nation on the death of this

[illegible] of the American people [illegible] subject. But, [illegible] with the [illegible] failure of its exertions, and the far more powerful exertions of some of the wiser and greater men who were at that time members of Congress, to get something done worthy of the father of his country and not unworthy of the American nation; yet he had not forgotten, that the sixth Congress had gone so far as to authorize the President of the day to write in behalf of the nation to Mrs. Washington, and to make of her a like request in regard to the remains of our beloved Washington.—Neither had he forgotten the admirable and pathetic letter written by that lady; in which she grants their request. The remains of Washington then were pledged to the whole nation; and she trusted the time was at length come, when the honors sacredly due to them, would be paid, as they ought long ago to have been, by the representatives of the whole American people. He had himself been a member of that Congress, and one of those who had approved of the application made to Mrs. Washington. He had, moreover, been one of the committee, (the only one now honored with a seat on the floor) to whom the subject had been referred, when it had last been before congress. He did not therefore, he trusted, assume too much to himself, when he ventured to think, that it had in some degree devolved on him, as a sacred and solemn duty, to call the attention of Congress to this subject at the present time, and under the particular circumstances which he had noticed above. Accordingly, indisposed as he was, he had, without the loss of a single moment, hurried down to the house, and he seized the first possible opportunity to offer the resolution he held in his hand.—Before he read it to the chair, he would be permitted to add, that he trusted no gentleman could possibly suppose he meant thereby to express any disapprobation in regard to the resolutions, of the legislature, or to evince the smallest disrespect to the state of Virginia. He was one of the last men in that house to do so. Virginia had been to him, in no small degree, a second alma-mater.—Though he first drew his breath in the capital of South Carolina, he had passed during the revolutionary war several of his early years in the former state: being exiled from his native state then in possession of the enemy. He had met every where, and from thousands in Virginia, hospitality, kindness, friendship, and he might with propriety add, parental affection and protection.—It was impossible all this could ever be erased from his heart, and as he before observed, he had never ceased to regard Virginia as his second alma-mater. But South Carolina was not less dear to him, nor could he forget her claims on the present occasion. She formed a portion of the great American nation. As such, she had her full interest in the pledge possessed, to the mortal remains of our father and chief. As a South Carolinean, therefore, and member of the American family, as well as from the peculiar circumstances connected with his personal situation, being an immediate representative on the occasion before alluded to, and at the present time of the state of South Carolina, he felt himself imperiously bound to offer the following resolution to the house—

Resolved, That a committe be appointed to examine into the proceedings of a former Congress on the lamented death of George Washington, and to take into consideration what further measures it may be expedient to adopt, at the present time, in relation to that solemn and interesting subject.

By the Mails.

COLUMBIA.

WASHINGTON, FEB. 19.

ON the 9th inst. arrived in this city, Col. R. J. Meigs, the Agent of the United States in the Cherokee nation, with a deputation from the nation, consisting of Col. Lowry, Major Walker, Major Ridge, Capt. Taylor, Adjutant Ross, and Cunnesse. These Indians are men of cultivated understandings, were nearly all officers of the Cherokee forces which served under General Jackson during the late war, and have distinguished themselves as well by their bravery, as by their attachment to the United States.

MARYLAND

BALTIMORE, FEB. 20.

OF BONAPARTE.

Capt. La Roche, from Cadiz, reports, that on the 13th Jan. he spoke the British ship Minden, 74 guns, Capt. Mackey, 25 days from St. Helena.—The boarding officer, Lieut. Gunning, informed, that Bonaparte was in good health, but at variance with Bertrand and his suite; and preferred the company of the British officers.

NEW-YORK

NEW YORK, FEB. 24.

FROM ST. DOMINGO.

A friend who has just arrived from the *Kingdom of Hayti*, has furnished us with the Royal Gazette of that state,

[illegible] Henry [illegible] King Henry (Christophe) was at peace with Petion and the world, regulating the civil policy of his extensive territories, and encouraging the progress of cultivation and the arts and sciences. His residence is at the Palace of Sans Souci, in a town built by him under a mountain 30 miles from the cape, highly cultivated, and defended by works covered with 360 pieces of cannon. The population of his subjects increase rapidly, and it is supposed he has 150,000 men able to bear arms. (Petion is said to have 200,000.) The crown of King Henry had lately been received from London, where it cost 28,000 dollars, exclusive of the diamonds which his sable majesty furnished himself. His state coach had also arrived, and is a superb carriage built at the expense of $ 18,000 in England. Schools and academies are patronised by him, and he is about commencing the erection of a college, for which he has sent to Europe for 20 professors or instructors—a contract for 8 cargoes of lumber from this country, for the completion of the collegiate buildings we have seen.—Commerce and the culture of the soil was improving in his dominions; strangers on mercantile business are treated honorably, and the kingdom rising in power and respectability. The 1st, and 2d of January, the 13th anniversary of the liberty and independence of Hayti, was celebrated with the greatest solemnity and magnificence at the city of Sans Souci, by a procession, review, mass, levee, addresses, feasts, illuminations, &c. A roll of the knights of the royal and military order of Saint Henry, is given in one of the papers; and a lists of 50 foreign vessels which sailed from Cape Henry from the 1st of July to the 9th of November last. A catalogue of the princes, dukes, counts, and barons, dignitaries of the empire, is found in some of the publications. Notwithstanding the cessation of arms, a paper war seems to be directed from Christophe's press against Petion—and the pamphlets, journals, &c. are written and printed in a respectable style.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, FEB. 29.

PORTUGUESE EXPEDITION.

An arrival from Lisbon reports that an expedition was to sail from there in all January, for the Brazils—to consist of a sail of the line, two frigates, and transports carrying 6000 troops;—and that its ultimate destination was to assist the royal Spaniards in the reduction of Buenos-Ayres. This is not improbable. The relations between Spain and Portugal are very friendly; and it is added, that Ferdinand 7th is betrothed to Maria Theresa, a daughter of the Prince-Regent of Portugal.—She is in her 24th year.

HALIFAX PAPERS.

Yesterday we received Halifax papers to the 14th inst. No European advices of so late date as ours had been received there. The Provincial Legislature assembled at Halifax 8th inst. when Lieut. Gov. Sherbrooke delivered his speech, in which he says "The declaration of War by the United States against us in 1812, having abrogated the Treaty of 1783, the Americans have, consequently, forfeited the privilege they enjoyed by that Treaty, of fishing upon our coasts, and curing their fish in the uninhabited harbours of this province; and I am particularly happy to observe, that no stipulation, for the renewal of this objectionable article, has been made in the present Treaty.—You will further perceive, that our parent State evinces a determination to prevent all foreign intercourse inconsistent with the welfare of her colonies. The British Provinces will consequently be enabled to supply our West-India Islands with fish and lumber, without any dread of competition from their American neighbours."

In their answers, the two Houses express their gratitude to the parent State for the attention paid to the commercial interests of the Provinces.

The New-Brunswick Fensible regiment has been disbanded.

An alarming Epidemic prevails in St. John, N. B.

COMMERCIAL RESTRICTIONS.

The General Assembly of New-Brunswick has passed a law imposing an export duty of 20*s*. per ton on Plaister if to be landed North of Cape Cod.—The policy, or rather object, of this measure is obvious—to encourage the navigation of the province at the expense of Massachusetts, by engrossing the exportation of Plaister to the Southern States, where it is most used; and thereby pocket the small profits which are now made in the ports N. of Cape Cod, by the exportation of the article to the Southward. The measure has excited complaint, and petitions for redress will be presented to Congress, and we trust proceedings will be adopted to relieve our commerce in this particular, by countervailing measures—and that the entry of this prime article of New-Brunswick export will be prohibited, or a duty be imposed on all Plaister imported in foreign vessels in ports south of Cape Cod.

NEWPORT,

SATURDAY, MARCH 2, 18[illegible]

Federal Republican Pr[illegible]

AT a numerous and [illegible] meeting of Citizens from every pa[illegible] the State, assembled at the State-[illegible] in Providence, on Tuesday Eve[illegible] 27th of February, 1816, it was [illegible] and resolved unanimously, to su[illegible] the following Prox for General Of[illegible] for the ensuing political year:—

HIS EXCELLENCY

WILLIAM JONE[illegible]

GOVERNOR.

JEREMIAH THURSTON, Es[illegible]

(OF HOPKINTON,)

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

SENATORS.

1. NICHOLAS BROWN, Esq. *Of Provide[illegible]*
2. JAMES RHODES, Esq. *Of Warw[illegible]*
3. AUDLEY CLARKE, Esq. *Of Newpo[illegible]*
4. ROBERT HARRIS, Esq *Of Smithfi[illegible]*
5. WILLIAM STEERE, Esq *Of Glocest[illegible]*
6. SYLVESTER CHILD, Esq. *Of Warre[illegible]*
7. NICHOLAS C. NORTHUP, E[illegible] *Of North-Kingsto[illegible]*
8. THOMAS NOYES, Esq. *Of Wester[illegible]*
9. ROWLAND HAZARD, Esq. *Of South-Kingsto[illegible]*
10. STEPHEN T. NORTHAM, E[illegible] *Of Middleto[illegible]*

SAMUEL EDDY, Esq. *Secretary.*

SAMUEL W. BRIDGHAM, Es[illegible] *Attorney-General.*

WILLIAM ENNIS, Esq. *General-Treasurer.*

His Honor SIMEON MARTIN, [illegible] present Lieutenant Governor, decl[illegible] being a candidate for a re-election. GEORGE IRISH and JOSHUA PE[illegible]HAM, Esqrs. Senators, also decl[illegible] being candidates.

JAMES BURRILL, jun. *Chairm[illegible]*

LEWIS ROUSMANIERE, *Secretary.*

Rhode-Island Legislature.

The Legislature of this State, w[illegible] convened at Providence on the [illegible] inst. have since remained in sessi[illegible] and have been principally occupied [illegible] the trial of private petitions, and bu[illegible] ness of a local nature.

The Legislature having nearly co[illegible] pleted the business before them, w[illegible] expected to adjourn last evening.

From Washington, Feb. 2[illegible]

"The House of Representatives [illegible] not sit yesterday, in consequence of [illegible] death of Mr. BRIGHAM, one of the R[illegible] presentatives from Massachusetts, w[illegible] died on Thursday afternoon, after a f[illegible] hours illness.—He was in the House [illegible] Monday, and rode to Georgetown [illegible] Tuesday.

"The Committee on Naval Aff[illegible] have this morning reported a bill [illegible] the gradual increase of the Navy.—[illegible] this bill, One Million of Dollars is [illegible] propriated annually, for eight ye[illegible] for this object.—The President is [illegible] thorised to purchase Timber, &c. [illegible] build Nine Ships to rate 74 guns, [illegible] Twelve Ships to rate 44 guns—to p[illegible] chase Steam Engines, and other [illegible] perishable materials, for three St[illegible] Batteries—two for the waters of [illegible] Chesapeake, and one for New-O[illegible] leans."

NEW PAMPHLET.

We have, says the Washington C[illegible] Gazette, hastily cast our eyes over [illegible] pamphlet, which has just been publis[illegible] entitled, entitled, "An Inquiry resp[illegible] ing the Capture of Washington by [illegible] British on the 24th of August, 18[illegible] with an Examination of the Report [illegible] the Committee of Investigation app[illegible] ed by Congress." It is well pen[illegible] and the main object of it appears t[illegible] to vindicate General Armstrong [illegible] the asperaions which were cast [illegible] him in relation to the conflagration [illegible] this city. Report ascribes it to the [illegible] of that gentleman; with what degre[illegible] truth we do not say. In this pro[illegible] tion, General Winder is the obje[illegible] much censure and some ridicule [illegible] Colonel Monroe does not escape; [illegible] the Georgetown militia officers [illegible] handled a little sharply."

The New-York "Columbian," [illegible] mocratic paper, says, on the credit [illegible] "intimate friend" in Washington, [illegible] "the Post-Office affairs grows d[illegible] and that Abraham Bradley, D. P. M[illegible] has had the audacity to dismiss a d[illegible] for giving testimony, on oath, on [illegible] subject."

By Last Evening's Mail.

BOSTON, March 1.

Latest from Europe.

The ship A[illegible], Capt. W[illegible], which [illegible] yesterday, from [illegible], left on the [illegible] of Jan.—Civil commotions raged in a [illegible] of Ireland—and a considerable number of the British troops in France [illegible] expected there. There was no [illegible] of importance from any other [illegible] of Europe. Capt. W. brought [illegible] papers to Dec. 31, with which we [illegible] been favoured from the Merchants' [illegible].

LONDON, DEC. 9.

It is determined, in order to make the [illegible] of Bonaparte doubly sure, to [illegible] military possession of the Island [illegible] Ascension, which is situated 300 [illegible] north-west of St. Helena—[illegible] transports, laden with timber, [illegible], and every other description of [illegible] materials, will shortly sail for [illegible] Helena.

SALEM, FEB. 28.

Arrived ship Hercules, West, from [illegible].—The news of the defeat of [Bon]aparte had not reached there—The [illegible] stood close into St. Helena [illegible] 29th; understood that Bonaparte [illegible] in good health, that Madame Ber[trand] was discontented, and wished to [retu]rn to France. One 74, 2 frigates [an]d a brig, kept constantly cruising, [an]d every thing was conducted with the [gre]atest precaution.

A letter from Teneriffe, dated De[cem]ber 12, observes, "We had a dread[ful] fire here, a few days ago, which con[sum]ed a large convent for women; and [I a]m sorry to relate, seven unhappy vic[tim]s felt the fury of the unrelenting [flam]es. The scene for some hours was [dre]adful. It was first discovered about [..] o'clock at night; all the nuns were [in] bed, and it was sometime before they [cou]ld be made acquainted with their [dan]ger. The few that escaped were [obl]iged to leave the convent naked, as [the]y never sleep in their clothes. Those [tha]t were burnt were seen at the win[do]ws, till the flames consumed them. [T]here was no means of saving them, as [th]e windows were strongly grated with [iro]n, and only one door that they could [ge]t out of, which was entirely enveloped [in] flames.—The fire was occasioned by [a n]un's making sweet-meats; she had [pla]ced her fire on a table, in a small [ear]then stove, and left it unextinguish[ed]; the heat of the stove made the rosin [of] the wood to fry out; it is supposed a [cin]der had fallen, and the convent being [bu]ilt of the same kind of wood as the [tab]le, it was soon in a blaze.—The next [nig]ht we had a tremendous fall of rain; [th]e water-courses were filled, and ran a [di]fferent way; in consequence of which [fou]rteen persons were drowned in their [hou]ses."

It is mentioned that British ships now [en]joy all the privileges stipulated for in [th]e Convention, in consequence of spe[cia]l instructions from the Treasury De[pa]rtment.

The surviving officers of the Revo[lut]ionary Army are about to petition [Co]ngress, for some provision for the [res]idue of their days, where their cir[cum]stances make it necessary.

NOMINATIONS.

The democratic members of the Le[gis]lature of Pennsylvania, have com[m]unicated to their brethren in Con[gr]ess, their belief that the nomination [of] James Monroe as President, and [Si]mon Snyder as Vice-President, will [be] peculiarly acceptable to the people [of] that State.

Governor Tompkins has been nomi[na]ted for re-election as Governor of [N]ew-York, as well as President of the [Un]ited States.

The democrats of Connecticut have [op]ened the electioneering campaign, by [no]minating the Hon. Oliver Wolcott [fo]r Governor, and the Hon. Jonathan [In]gersoll for Lieut. Governor.

New Tariff of Duties.

The Official Report of Mr. DALLAS, [on] the subject of the Duties, is given at [le]ngth in the National Intelligencer of [th]e 31st ult.—We give all those parts [of] it which are interesting to the mer[can]tile community.—The abstract, pub[lis]hed in our last, was but hastily ar[ran]ged, and consequently very imper[fe]ct.—An entire reliance may be placed [on] the accuracy of this document.

A schedule of the articles to be imported into the United States, free of duty.

All articles imported for the use of the [U]. S.; Philosophical apparatus, instru[m]ents or books, specially imported for [th]e use of any incorporated society, for [p]hilosophical or literary purposes, and [fo]r the use of any seminary of learning; [s]pecimens in natural history, mineralo[g]y, botany and anatomical preparations, [m]odels of machinery, and other inven[ti]ons; wearing apparel, and other per[so]nal baggage in actual use, and the im[pl]ements, or tools of trade, of persons [ar]riving in the United States; Regulus [of] antimony; bark of the cork tree un[ma]nufactured; animals imported for [br]eed; burr-stones unwrought; bullion; [illegible]; [illegible] imported in any shape [illegible] [cop]per and [illegible] in pigs and bars; tin in [pig]s or bars, old copper and brass, and [old] pewter; furs undressed of all kinds; raw hides and skins; lapis calaminaris; plaster of paris; rags of any kind of cloth; wool; and wood unmanufactured, except mahogany and dye-wood; lino-tutenag, or spelter; olive oil in casks, to be used in manufactures.

2d. A schedule of articles to be charged with duties ad valorem.

At seven and a half per centum.

Dying drugs and materials for composing them, not subject to other rates of duty; gum arabic; gum senegal; jewellery; gold and silver watches and clocks, or parts of either, and of the frames of clocks, of whatever materials made; gold and silver lace; embroidery and epaulettes; precious stones, and pearls of all kinds, set or not set; bristol stones or paste-work, and all articles composed chiefly of gold, silver, pearl, precious stones; laces of thread, silk, or cotton.

At fifteen per centum.

All articles not free, and not subject to any other rate of duty.

At twenty per centum.

Linens of all descriptions, linen cambrics, lawns, hempen cloth, sail cloth, Russian and German linen; stockings and gloves of thread or silk; silks, satins, and all articles of which silk is the material of chief value.

At twenty-two per centum.

All articles manufactured from brass, copper, iron, steel, pewter, lead, or tin, or of which these metals, or either of them, is the material of chief value; brass and iron ware; cutlery, pins, needles, buttons, and buckles of all kinds; gilt, plated, and japanned wares of all kinds; cannon, muskets, fire-arms, and side-arms.

At twenty-eight per centum.

Woolen manufactures of all descriptions, and of which wool is the material of chief value.

At thirty per centum.

China ware, earthen ware, stone ware, porcelain and glass manufacture; bonnets and caps for women; fans, feathers, ornaments for head-dresses, artificial flowers, milinery of all sorts; hats or caps of wool, fur, leather, chip, straw, or silk; cosmetics, washes, balsams, perfumes; painted floor cloths, mats of grass or flags; sallad-oils, pickles, capers, olives, mustard, comfits or sweet-meats preserved in sugar or brandy, wafers.

At thirty-three, and one-third per centum.

Cotton manufactures of all descriptions, or of which cotton is the material of chief value; provided that all cotton cloths, or cloths of which cotton is the material of chief value, (excepting nankeens imported directly from China,) the original cost of which, at the place whence imported, shall be less than twenty-five cents per square-yard, shall be taken and deemed to have cost twenty-five cents per square-yard, and shall be charged with duty accordingly.

At thirty-five per centum.

Cabinet-wares, and all manufactures of wood; carriages of all descriptions, and parts thereof; leather and all manufactures of leather, or of which leather is the material of chief value—saddles, bridles, harness; paper of every description—paper hangings, blank books, pasteboard, parchment, vellum, printed books; brushes, canes, walking-sticks, whips, printing types, clothing ready-made.

3d. A schedule of articles to be charged with specific duties.

Ale, beer and porter, in bottles, per gall. 20 cents; do. imported otherwise than in bottles, do. 10; allum, per cwt. 200; almonds per lb. 3; bottles, black glass quart, per groce 144; boots per pair 200; bristles per lb 3; playing-cards per pack 30; cables and cordage tarred per lb 3; do. untarred, yarns, twine, pack-thread, seines, do. 4; candles of tallow, do 3; do of wax or spermaceti, do 4; Chinese cassia, do 6; cinnamon do 25; cloves do 25; cheese do 9; chocolate do 9; cocoa do 6; coal per bushel 8; copperas per cwt 150; copper in sheets, rods, bolts or nails, composition-spikes, bolts or nails, per lb 4; coffee, do 6; cotton do. 3; currants do 3; figs do 3; fish, foreign caught, per quintal, 100; mackerel per bbl 150; salmon do 200; all other pickled do 100; glass, window, not above 8 by 10 inches, per 100 square feet 250; not above 10 by 12 inches do 275; above 10 by 12 inches do 335; glue per lb 5; gunpowder do 6; hemp per cwt 150; iron, in bars or bolts, excepting rolled iron, do 75; in sheets, rods or hoops, rolled iron in bars or bolts and anchors, do 150; indigo per lb 15; lead in pigs, bars or sheets, do 1; red or white, dry or ground in oil, do 3; mahogany, per cubic foot 12; mace per lb 100; molasses per gal. 5; nails per lb 3; nutmegs do 60; pepper do 8; pimento do 6; plums and prunes do 3; raisins in jars and boxes, and muscatel, do 3; all other do 2; salt per bushel of 56 lbs 20; steel per cwt 100; segars per M 250; Spirits from grain, to wit: 1st proof, per gallon 42; 2d proof, do 45; 3d proof, do 48; 4th proof, do 52; 5th proof, do 60; above 5th proof, do 75; from other materials, to wit: 1st and 2d proof, do 38; 3d proof, do 42; 4th proof do 48; 5th proof, do 57; above 5th proof, do 70; [illegible] and [illegible] per lb [illegible]; [illegible] of leather do 30; do for children do 20; spikes per lb 2; sugar, do [illegible]; [illegible] brown, do [illegible]; white, clayed or powdered, do [illegible]; lump do [illegible]; loaf do 20; candy do 12; snuff do 12; tallow do 1; tea, from China direct, to wit: bohea do 10; souchong, and other black, do 25; imperial, gunpowder and gomee, do 50; hyson and young-hyson, do 40; hyson-skin and other green, do 28; from any other place, to wit: Bohea do 14; souchong and other black, do 34; imperial, gunpowder and gomee, do 68; hyson and young hyson, do 56; hyson skin and other green do 38; tin plates, per box of 100 square feet 150; tobacco manufactured, other than snuff and segars per lb 10; Woods, dying, viz: Brazil wood, brasilletto, red wood or camwood, per ton 600; fustic and logwood do 300; nicaragua do 800; Wadding per lb 1; umbrellas or parasols of silk, each 200; of other materials, do 100; frames or sticks for umbrellas or parasols, 75; Wine, to wit: Malmsey, Madeira and London-particular, per gallon 100; other Madeira do 80; Burgundy, Champaign, Rhenish and Tokay 75; Sherry and St. Lucar 60; claret and other wines not enumerated, when imported in bottles or cases 70; Lisbon, Oporto and other wines of Portugal and Sicily, per gallon, 50; Teneriffe, Fayal, and other wines of the Western Islands, do 40; all other wines, when imported otherwise than in case and bottle, do 25.

Alien Duty.

There shall be charged an additional duty of 12 and a half per cent. upon all goods imported in vessels not of the United States, with the exception of goods imported in foreign vessels, which are specially entitled by treaty, or acts of Congress, to be entered upon payment of the domestic duty.

The additional alien duty of twelve and a half per cent. shall not be the subject of drawback cases of exportation.

Tonnage Duty and Light Money.

Ships or vessels of the United States, entered from any foreign port or place, or carrying goods from one district to another district, shall pay per ton, 6 cts; ships or vessels built within the United States, but belonging wholly or in part to the subjects of foreign powers, entering from a foreign port or place, shall pay, do. 30; ships or vessels of other descriptions, entering from a foreign place or port, or carrying goods from one district to another within the United States, shall pay do. 50; ships or vessels not of the United States, or not wholly owned by American citizens, entering the ports of the United States, shall pay for "light money," do. 50; but the additional duty upon tonnage, and the light-money imposed upon foreign vessels, are not to be exacted in the case of foreign vessels specially entitled by treaty or acts of Congress to an entry upon domestic duties and charges only.

Warehouse Money.

To constitute a fund for erecting and maintaining Custom-houses, warehouses and stores.

1. There should be paid for every permit to unlade goods, 25 cents.

2. There shall be retained, upon the amount of the duties of goods exported, for the benefit of drawbacks, (except spirits) five per cent.

3. There shall be retained in the case of spirits exported, for the benefit of drawback, two cents per gallon, and also three per cent. on the amount of the duties.

A separate account shall be kept at the custom-house, of the money collected for this fund; and the amount shall be expended, from time to time, under such directions as the President of the United States shall approve and authorise.

Drawbacks and Bounties.

There shall be allowed a drawback of the duties on goods imported into the United States, if the goods be exported within twelve months after the time of importation, subject to the following exceptions and provisions:—

1. There shall not be an allowance of drawback in the case of goods imported in foreign vessels from any of the dominions or colonies of any foreign power to which the vessels of the United States are not permitted to trade.

2. There shall not be an allowance of drawback for the additional duty of twelve and and a half per cent. imposed on goods imported in vessels not of the United States.

3. There shall not be an allowance of drawback in the case of foreign dried and pickled fish and other salted provisions, fish oil, or playing cards.

4. There shall be retained upon the amount of the duties of goods exported for the benefit of drawback (except spirits) 5 per cent.

5. There shall be retained in the case of spirits exported, for the benefit of drawback, two cents per gallon, and also 3 per cent. on the amount of the duties.

6. The present bounties, allowances, and drawbacks, shall be continued in the case of exporting pickled fish, of the fisheries of the United States; in the case of American vessels employed in the fisheries; and in the case of exporting sugar refined within the United States.

These provisions [illegible] [illegible], however, be [illegible] to the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to foreign[ers] by treaty, or by acts of Congress.

The Secretary calculates that the New Tariff duties will raise Seventeen Millions annually; which is five Millions more than the estimated product of the existing single duties.

The average increase of the new Tariff Duties, if adopted, will be less than a third on the existing single duties.

Died,

In this town yesterday afternoon, Capt. EDWARD CODDINGTON, in the 76th year of his age.

Ship News.

PORT OF NEWPORT,

March 2, 1816.

ENTERED,

Brig Lydia & Margaret, Arnold, St. [Bartholomews
Atlantic, Case, New-York
Sch'r Thomas & Sarah, Cook, Baltimore

CLEARED,

Sch'r Franklin, Alexander, New-York
Sloop Astrea, Hatch, ditto
B. D. Jones, Bliven, ditto
Lydia, Davis, ditto
Westport, Dean, ditto

Arrived at this port on Saturday last, Brig George, Ward, 23 days from St. Jago de Cuba, with sugars, &c. bound to Salem.—Left there, ship Friendship, Foster, of Boston, uncertain when to sail; sch'r — Lewis, for Philadelphia, and several others.—Feb. 16th, in lat. 26, spoke a sch'r from St. Jago de Cuba bound to Philadelphia, with her return cargo of flour on board, which would not bring the first cost.—Feb. 21st, spoke ship Telegraph from New-York bound to Charleston.—[The George sailed on Sunday for Salem.]

Same day, Brig Copernican, Collis, 16 days from Cape Henry, with molasses, bound to Newburyport.—Sailed in co. with sch'r Five-Sisters, Smith, for Philadelphia.—Left there, brig William, Smith, for Savannah in a few days; sch'r Margaret for Philadelphia; Milford for Baltimore; sch'r — Graves, of Boston; sch'r Success, Stevens, of Newburyport, arrived Jan. 26th, in 41 days from Marseilles, and was discharging.—[The Copernican sailed on Sunday for Newburyport.]

Arrived on Wednesday, Ship Hope, Batchelder, of Boston, 130 days from Calcutta, via the Vineyard, with piece goods, and sailed the same day for New-York.

Arrived at East-Greenwich (in this District) on Wednesday last, brig Lydia & Margaret, Arnold, 17 days from St. Barts. with sugar, &c.—Sailed in co. with Brig Polly, Tew, of this port, bound to Wilmington.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

AT the request of the Directors of the RHODE-ISLAND COAL COMPANY, the Subscriber has taken a temporary Agency of the concerns at the Mine.—All persons having any demands against said Company, are requested to present the same immediately to him for adjustment, and those who are indebted to said Company, are desired to make payment to him until an Agent is permanently appointed, when due notice will be given.

All orders for COAL will be thankfully received, and the greatest possible dispatch will be made to Vessels which may stop at the Company's wharf to load.

WILLIAM BLANEY.
Portsmouth, (R. I.) March 1, 1816.

☞ The Editors of the *Rhode-Island American* will please insert the above in their paper, and forward their bill for payment.

FANCY EARTHEN-WARE

STEPHEN H. CAHOONE,
No. 136, Thames-Street.

HAS just received an elegant Assortment of Gold and Silver Lustre and Pearl Ware TEA-SETTS—with a great variety of blue, printed, enamelled and cream color'd Ware.—All of which will be sold at fair prices.

Newport, March 1.

TO LET,

And Possession given immediately.

THE STORE formerly belonging to the Estate of the late *George Champlin*, Esq.—Apply to
GEORGE C. MASON.
Newport, March 1.

TO LET,

THE FARM in Brenton's Neck, formerly improved by *Rouse T. Potter*, containing about 130 Acres of excellent Land, with convenient buildings, &c.—For particulars, apply to THOMAS SESSIONS, in Providence, or to the Subscriber.
BENJAMIN W. CASE.
Newport, Jan. 5, 1816.

Sales at Auction.

On THURSDAY, March 7, 1816, at [illegible] o'clock A. M. will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, (if fair, if not the first fair day after) unless previously disposed of at private sale.

EIGHTY-EIGHT Acres of LAND of the first quality for grass and grain, with a new Dwelling-House thereon, being the south part of the Farm of [illegible] [illegible], late of Jamestown, deceased.—For further particulars, enquire of EDWARD & GEORGE HULL, on the premises.

Jamestown, Feb. 16, 1816.

On WEDNESDAY, April 10, 1816, at XI o'clock A. M. will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, if not previously disposed of at private sale,

A Convenient DWELLING-HOUSE, pleasantly situated in Spring-street, in good repair, with a garden, well of water, and other conveniences. For terms, &c. apply to
SAMUEL I. GREENE.
Newport, Feb. 29.

WILLIAM WHITE,

Has just received and for Sale,

SIX bags Coffee; 65 boxes Raisins; 1 hhd. calevant Peas; 23 dozen baskets Salt; 1 bale cotton; 9 casks Rice; 2 hhds. Pea-nuts; 30,000 wt. sheet lead; and a small quantity of Dry Goods.

ALSO,

Six Boxes of assorted GARDEN SEEDS, (put up by the Shakers,) consisting of white, yellow and red onion; blood, orange and turnip beet; carrot; parsnip; long and early short cucumber; dutch, crookneck summer and winter squash; white head, early curl'd and speckled Lettuce; double pepper grass; salmon and scarlet radish; drumhead, savoy, red and early yorkshire cabbage; flat and french turnip; sage; cyanne and squash pepper; burnet; solid celery; summer savory; parsley; asparagus; water and musk melons; pinks; english sorrell; early June, golden hotspur, early charlton, white marrowfat and green dwarf Peas; strawberry, dwarf, early six weeks, blue and white cranberry, pale kidney, and long Beans.

Newport, March 1.

LAST NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having for some time past declined the GROCERY and LUMBER Business, is now determined to put all Notes and Accounts not previously settled, into the hands of an Attorney, on the first day of April, without further notice or apology.
HENRY HULL.
Newport, March 1, 1816.

TO LET,

THE House, Garden and out-houses, late the estate of JOSEPH ROSS, situated in Bridge, near Washington-Street.—*Also to Let*, A STORE, with or without the House.—Possession given on or before the 13th of April next.—Apply to
JOHN L. BOSS.
Newport, March 1.

FOR SALE,

THAT pleasantly situated Dwelling-House, fronting Washington and corner of Willow-street, on Easton's Point, and is in good repair.—If not sold by the 1st of May, it will then be to Rent.

TO LET,

The lower part of the House next eastward of the above, fronting Willow street.—Apply to
JAMES TOWNSEND.
Newport, March 1.

NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers have been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Portsmouth, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of GIDEON DENNIS, late of Portsmouth, Cooper, deceased, represented insolvent; and give notice, that six months from the date hereof are allowed to the creditors to bring in and prove their claims, and that we will attend at our respective dwellings for that purpose, at any time during said period.

BENJAMIN FREEBORN } Com'rs
BENJAMIN PEARCE, }

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
ROBERT DENNIS, Adm'r.
Portsmouth, 6th of 1st mo. 1816.

WASHINGTON, ss.—*Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, Feb. 20, 1816.*

WHEREAS *Reumah Congdon*, resident in South-Kingstown in the county of Washington, wife of James Congdon, of Charlestown, in said County, Trader, has this day filed her petition in said Office, praying for certain reasons therein stated, that said Court would dissolve the bonds of marriage subsisting between her and the said James Congdon, and to assign her alimony out of his estate.—Notice is therefore hereby given to the said James Congdon, to be and appear, if he thinks fit, before the next Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at South-Kingstown, within and for the county of Washington, on the fourth Monday of April next, then and there to shew cause, if any he hath, why the prayer of said petition ought not to be granted.

JAMES HELME, Jun. Clerk.

Poetry.

From the Analectic Magazine.

EPITAPH,
BY LORD BYRON.

Bright be the place of thy soul!
No lovelier spirit than thine
E'er burst from its mortal control,
In the orbs of the blessed to shine;

On earth thou wert all but divine,
As thy soul shall immortally be,
And our sorrow may cease to repine
When we know that thy God is with thee.

Light be the turf of thy tomb!
May its verdure like emeralds be!
There should not be the shadow of gloom
In aught that reminds us of thee;

Young flowers and an evergreen tree
May grow on the spot of thy rest,
But not cypress nor yew let us see—
For why should we mourn for the blest?

ISAAC GOULD,

No. 176, Thames-street,

HAS added to his former stock of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c an assortment of smooth silk strip'd Toilinett and Lionese Vestings; mill'd white swanskin and flannels; twilled and plain Bombazetts, Rattinets, cotton Velvets, stockinetts and brown hollands.

An Assortment first quality gilt and plated BUTTONS; elegant Military ditto, newest fashion; with all kinds of trimmings in his line.

Also, One Bale low priced lothe, very cheap—all of which he offers as low for Cash as can be purchased in Town.

New-York Money and Treasury Notes taken at a small discount.

Newport, Oct. 6.

James Townsend & Co.

Offer for Sale at their Store, No. 82, Thames-street, cheap for cash, at wholesale and retail, the following articles:

MADEIRA, Vidonia, Lisbon and Currant Wines; Brandy; West-India, Cherry and New-England Rum; Gin; Whiskey; Wine glasses and Tumblers; Plates; Cups and saucers; Loaf, white powdered and brown Sugars; Hyson, young hyson, hyson skin, souchong and bohea Teas; coffee; chocolate; rice; pepper; nutmegs; cloves; Spanish and American Segars; Virginia and Maryland Tobacco; soap; starch; sperm and tallow candles; ground and blown Salt; hams; cheese; butter; pork; codfish; potatoes, &c. &c.

Newport, Jan. 12.

Greene, Tillinghast, & Co

HAVE just received from New-York, and offer for Sale at their FACTORY STORE, near WICKFORD, a general Assortment of

Dry Goods, Crockery, and Hardware.

Which they will sell at Wholesale and Retail, as low for Cash, Country Produce, or Weaving, as can be bought at any store in the State.

North-Kingstown, Nov. 24.

FOR SALE,

THAT Valuable Estate late belonging to Capt. *David Huntington*, deceased, situated in Elm-street, on the Point, consisting of a Dwelling-House, with 3 rooms on a floor, in good repair, with a stable, coach and wood-house, a good garden, and well of water. For terms, apply to *Elizabeth Huntington*, Tiverton, or to

DAVID WILLIAMS.

Who has for sale, Two second-hand Quadrants, a number of Charts and nautical Tracts.—*Also for sale*, A quantity of the celebrated Pasmore's SCYTHES.

Newport, 24th of 6th mo. 1815.

TO LET,

And Possession given immediately.

THAT large and convenient Dwelling-House in Bridge-street, lately occupied by Mr. *John Newton*.—For terms, apply to

NATHANIEL SWEET,
Agent for J. Munroe.

Newport, Jan. 12.

FOR SALE,

FIVE TWELFTHS of a Cotton Manufactory, situated in North Kingstown, about 1 mile from Wickford. It has a stream of water sufficient to operate 1000 spindles, and has now in operation 360, with a dwelling-house and other necessary buildings, all in good repair.—Seldom has a property possessing so many advantages been offered for sale.—The terms will be liberal, and may be known by applying to JOHN HAWKINS, at the Factory, or to

BERIAH & DANIEL WAITE.

Newport, June 9.

REMOVAL.

J. F. TOWNSEND,

Informs his Friends and the Public,

THAT he has removed his Store to No. 161, Thames-street, the stand lately occupied by *John M. Mayfield*, deceased, where he offers for sale, a handsome Assortment of

DRY GOODS

Cheap for Cash.

Newport, Dec. 8.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE Co-Partnership in business, hitherto existing between the Subscribers, under the Firm of SOLOMON TOWNSEND & Co. and JOHN F. TOWNSEND & Co. is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

All Persons without exception, indebted to either of said Firms, are requested to make immediate payment, and those who have demands, to present them for settlement to JOHN F. TOWNSEND who is authorised to close said concerns.

SOLOMON TOWNSEND
JOHN F. TOWNSEND.

Newport Dec. 9, 1815.

LUSTRINGS, &c.

Just Received and for Sale at

T. H. MUMFORD's,
No. 119, Thames-Street,

AN elegant Assortment of twilled and plain LUSTRINGS, at the low price of 7s. 6d. per yard; Silk, beaver, kid, and fleecy Habit Gloves; black and colour'd French Silk Handkerchiefs; twill'd and plain Bandannoes and Flag ditto; elegant 3-4 and 4-4 London Prints; a variety of Ribbons, plain, figur'd and plaid; superfine West of England Broadcloths and Cassimeres, first quality; a few more Pieces fine Book Muslin, at 2s. 6d. per yard; black, lead, olive, green, orange, and scarlet Bombazetts, plain and twill'd. With a variety of other Articles as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

New-York Money and Treasury Notes taken at a small discount.

Newport, Dec. 30.

SILAS DEAN,

Has for Sale at his Store, No. 67, Thames-Street.

AN Assortment of ENGLISH GOODS.—*Also*, in Stores on his Wharf, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Salt, Codfish, 10 quintals best table Fish—Boards, Plank, Shingles Cordage, second-hand rigging cables and anchors.

Likewise for Sale,

20 Barrels No. 1, Boston BEEF
130 do. Alewives
200 Hogshead Shooks.

Newport, Jan. 1, 1816.

MOLASSES & SUGAR.

FORTY Hogsheads first quality retailing MOLASSES; SUGAR in Hhds. and Barrels; Coffee in Hhds. —Just received per sch'r Mars, from Cape Henry, and for sale by

J. G. & S. WHITEHORNE.

Newport, Jan 19.

JOHN W. STEVENS,

Offers for Sale at his Store, No. 108, Thames-Street, and at No. 2, Stevens' Wharf.

150 Bbls. Philadelphia FLOUR
20 do. Crackers
20 do. Ship-Bread
10 do. Porter in bottles.

Also, An Assortment of Groceries, and every article in the Confectionary line.

Newport, Dec. 22.

WILLIAM WHITE,

Has Removed from No. 21 to No's. 36 & 37, Long-Wharf, where he has for Sale,

A GENERAL Assotment of GROCERIES by wholesale or retail, —and offers his services as an AUCTIONEER, should any feel disposed to employ him.

N. B.—All persons whose Accounts have been of long standing, are respectfully solicited to call and settle them.

Newport, Dec. 1.

Notice.

THE Subscriber having been duly appointed Administrator on the estate of BENJAMIN CONGDON, late of Warwick, deceased, and having given bond as the law directs, requests all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having any demands, to present the same for settlement, to her, or to JOSEPH CONGDON, her Attorney.

PHEBE CONGDON, *Adm'x.*

Warwick, Feb. 10, 1816.

Edinburgh Review.

Rousmaniere & Barber,
At their Book, Stationary and Chart Store,

Have just received,

The EDINBURGH REVIEW, No. 49.—Subscribers are requested to call for their Numbers.

WRITING-PAPER.

240 Reams of Writing and Letter *PAPER*,

Of every description, from the best Hot-Pressed and Vellum, to the most inferior, which they will sell on as good terms as can be procured at the Manufactory.

A New Edition of JOEL READ's Selection for Singing Schools,

CONTAINING more than One Hundred Psalm Tunes for Public Worship.—For sale by the Dozen or Single.

BIBLES.

A LARGE supply of FAMILY BIBLES, with and without plates; which they will sell lower than at any other Store in this State

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SCHOOL-BOOKS,

Of every description, constantly for sale as above.

School-Masters and Country Store-Keepers supplied on the best possible terms.

English and American Stationary,

Of every description, and at the lowest possible prices, constantly for sale as above.

Account-Books.

Ledgers, Journals, Waste, Invoice, Sales, Cash, and Record BOOKS,

Made of the best Paper, bound in a superior manner, and Patent Ruled.

Dec. 29, 1815.

FOR SALE,

THE Whole of the new Ship TWO-CATHARINES, burthen 346 tons, now lying at T. DENNIS's Wharf.—She was built by David Standish, of Dighton, in 1811—and has not been at sea— h standing rigging is of a large size and made of the best St. Petersburgh Hemp.—She has also a full suit of Sails, made of English Duck, of suitable numbers for such a Ship.—The Ship has also the pincipal part of her running cordage, two bowe and stream cables, two bower, stream and kedge anchors, long-boat, yawl and stern-boat, her water-casks all iron-hooped, and she has also the greatest part of her ballast. Those who wish to purchase, may see the inventory of the Ship, and know the terms, (which will be liberal) by applying to

THOMAS DENNIS, or
WILLIAM PRICE.

Newport, Jan. 26.

PRESSING NOTICE.

THE Subscriber contemplating a new arrangement in his business, hereby gives notice to all whom it may concern, that all Notes and Accounts due him, will, unless paid previous to the first day of April next, be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

SAMUEL F. GARDNER.

Newport, Feb. 16. 3w

FOR SALE, or TO LET,

And Possession given immediately,

THE Dwelling-House and Lot of Land, situated in Spring-street, recently occupied by Gen. *D. Shelden*.—For terms, &c. apply to THOMAS HORNSBY, in Newport, or to the Subscriber.

NATHAN G. HAZARD.

North-Kingstown, Feb. 18.

G. & P. SOUTHWORTH,

Inform their Friends in Newport and its Vicinity.

THAT they have Removed to the Store. No. 116, Thames-street, recently occupied by Mr. *Pardon White*, where they have on hand a large assortment of Men's, Women's and Children's SHOES, of every description, and which will be sold lower than were ever before offered in this Town.

Newport, Nov 3.

FRESH DRUGS, PAINTS, DIE-STUFFS, &c.

GEORGE W. HOPPIN,

Four doors south of the Market, in the large Brick Store formerly occupied by Messrs. BOWEN & EDDY, and directly opposite Dr. Wm. Stewart's.

HAS just received, per the Venice Capt. Champlin, from London, Forty-seven Packages, comprising a complete and general Assortment of DRUGS, MEDIINE PERFUMERY and DIE-STUFFS, which will be sold at the lowest price for Cash or New-York money, and credit given as usual, either by wholesale or retail —determined not to be undersold by any one in the State.—Among the above, are the following articles, viz:—

1 gross Cundell's Balsam of Honey for the cure of colds, coughs, asthma and consumption
1 gross Turlington's Balsam of Life, true;
3 do. Godfrey's Cordial, stamped;
2 chests Manna
4 bales Gentian
2 do. Valerian
A few sets of pocket Instruments
Ditto Tooth Instruments
30 dozen Lancets
3 gross Cephalick Snuff
60 pounds Prussian Blue, No. 1 & 2
Painters' Knives
50 pounds Calomel
1 cask white Vitriol
50 pounds Ising-Glass, in sheets, very nice
20 ditto Colcynth
6 gross Tooth-brushes, variegated and handsomely assorted
50 yards Hatcase
Opodeldock, Opodeldock bottles, and diections and dies
150 pounds Spirits Nitri, dulc. English
50 ditto Opium
100 bottles Castor Oil, East-India, American and West-India
200 pounds soft Rott n Stone
500 ditto Ivory Black
200 ditto Pumice Stone
50 ditto Wafers, variegated
100 ditto Magnesia, best lump
20 ditto do. calcined
200 ditto Burgundy Pitch
500 ditto Orange Peel
200 ditto large Borax
50 ditto Spanish Anatto
20 ditto red Peruvian Bark
100 gross Phial corks
10 pounds Cowage
50 ditto Gum Ammoniac
100 ditto Squills
100 ditto Cream of Tartar
5 doz. Apothecaries scales & weights
120 pounds Sago, in canisters
30 dozen Bougies
3 gross real Anderson's Pills, stamped
A few greco Walkden's ink-powder
50 pounds Æther, true
75 ditto Essence of Lemon, Oil of Lavender and Burgamot
5 ditto Flor Benzoin
1 hogshead Galli-Pots
A quantity of Castor
100 pounds Gum Tragacanth
20 ditto Ipicac
150 ditto Windsor Soap, real
50 gross white Phials, assorted
1000 pounds Tumeric
A few gross female Syringes, Ivory
Ditto male Ditto
40 pounds Fos. Anthos
Camphor, Rhubarb
50 pounds Red Precipitate

DIE-STUFFS.

20 cases and barrels Swedish and English Alum
1 ton best ground Camwood
2 tons Nicaragua Wood
20 ditto Logwood
5 ditto Fustic
1000 pounds English Oil Vitriol
1000 ditto double Aqua Fortis, warranted of the first quality
500 ditto Red Tartar
15 hogsheads Copperas
1000 pounds blue Vitriol
2 tons crude Sulphur
Jack Cards
1 cask Madder, &c. &c.

With almost every article usually called for by the Druggist, Physician, and Clothier.

Country and town Physicians, Clothiers, Agents of Manufacturing Companies, and others, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves

☞ All debts will be received in New-York money at par, provided payment is made by the first of January next; and in all cases New-York money will be received at par for Goods, which will be sold as low as at any store in this State for specie payments.

Providence, Nov. 21. 8m

HENRY RUGGLES,

HAVING taken the Lumber Yard, lately kept by *Nathaniel & Ruggles*, on Lyon's Wharf, offers for sale a general assortment of LUMBER, such as Boards, Timber, Plank, Joist, Shingles, laths, and several ships' Masts.

Also, at the store lately kept by *John B. Lyon*, on said wharf, he offers for sale a small assortment of GROCERIES, of a good quality, cheap for Cash.

Newport, Oct. 7.

To Let,

THE BRICK HOUSE, No. 28, in Thames-street.—Apply to

S. MALBONE.

Newport, April 7.

Charts, Pilots, Quadrants, &c.

ROUSMANIERE & BARBER

INFORM Masters of V... and Seamen that they con... keep for Sale, at their Book, Sta... and *Chart Store*, No. 1 & 2, L... Wharf,

Bowditch's Practical Navig... and American Coast Pilot, (la... ...man's Daily Assistant, Moo... Arithmetic, Commercial Dictio... Abbot on Shipping—Quadrants, S... Dividers, Log-Glass, ... Instruments—Blank Books of every description—Wafers, Ink, ... Powder—And all kinds of STAT... ARY, at as low prices as can be ... chased in America.

ALSO,

A great Variety of CHAR... and PILOTS, of the Coasts of Am... ca, Europe, the Mediterranean, C... of Africa, West-Indies, &c. &c.

AND

A large Assortment of Co... mercial and Custom-House BLAN... comprising Manifests, (foreign ... coastwise) Bills of Lading, Ship... Articles, Bills of Sale, &c. &c.

March 11, 1816.

GEORGE ENGS,

Has for Sale,

SHEET Iron, Cast Iron ... English blister'd, cast, Halle... best German, and American STE... with his usual assortment of ... Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

Newport, Oct. 20

THE Subscriber offers for ... his late DWELLING-HOUSE ... Newport; or to exchange it for ... FARM on the Island, he should ... prove; or to Rent it.

Apply to AUDLEY CLARKE, E... Newport; or the Subscriber in Bos...

WALTER CHANNING

July 9, 1815.

TO LET,

THE HOUSE in Mill-street, la... occupied by *Charles Baring*, E... with a Stable, Coach-house and Ga... connected with it.—Apply to WAL... CHANNING, Esq. Boston, or to

RHODES & CAHOONE.

Newport, Dec. 22.

TO LET,

And Possession given the 25th ... March next.

THAT Valuable and produ... FARM, the west side of ... ton's Beach and Pond, Newport ... owned by Mrs. MARY GIBBS, now ... the occupancy of Mr *Vincent Garde...* —Applications to AUDLEY CLAR... will be communicated to the Own...

February 9, 1816.

TO LET,

And Possession given the 25th Ma...

THE FARM in Middletown, cal... the *Warner Farm*, contai... 105 Acres.—For further particul... and terms, apply to

BENJAMIN PAGE.

Portsmouth, Jan. 1, 1816.

FOR SALE,

THREE Lots of LAND, contai... about 14 Acres, pleasantly si... ated on the road leading to the Beach ... Possession given immediately.—A... person wishing to purchase, may kn... the terms by applying to

JOHN EASTON.

Newport, Nov. 17.

For Sale, or To Let,

To satisfy a Mortgage.

STORE, No. — Bannister's wh... now occupied by Wm. G. B... roughs; being the lower store on ... south side of said wharf.—For furth... particulars, apply to

CONSTANT TABER.

Newport, June 14, 1815.

JOSEPH CLARKE,

Has for Sale, at No. 19, Thames-str...

150 New Molasses Hogsheads.
200 Do. do. Shooks.

Newport, Feb. 9.

NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers have been app...ed by the Hon. Court of Probate ... the town of Newport, Commissioners to ... ceive and examine the claims of the cred... against the estate of JOHN STRATTO... late of Newport, chaise-maker, deceased, ... presented insolvent; and give notice, ... six months from the date hereof are allo... to said creditors to bring in and prove th... claims, and that we will attend at our ... spective dwellings for that purpose, at ... time during said period

CLARKE RODMAN. } Com'rs.
JOHN TILLINGHAST. }

All persons indebted to said estate, are re... quested to make immediate payment to

GIDEON PALMER, Adm'r.

Newport, Jan. 2, 1816.